Regulose Syrup

Presentations:

Each 5ml contains Lactulose USP 3.35 gm.

Indication & uses :

Constipation (chronic constipation):
In every case of chronic constipation, initial treatment should consist of diet rich in fiber (vegetables, salads, fruits supplements of linseeds, wheat germ, etc.) a generous amount of liquids and much physical exercise. Regulose is only to be taken when these measures prove insufficient.

Intestinal flora disturbances : In

- damage to intestinal flora, following therapy with broad spectrum antibiotics
- gall bladder diseases
- intestinal diseases (colitis, diverticulosis, megacolon)

Increased blood ammonia levels :

Hyperammoniemia in hepatopathy, portal systemic encephalopathy, precoma, coma.

Diseases of the gums and the parodontic apparatus:

(paradontosis, bleeding from the gums, inflammation, dystrophy)

Dosage & Administration:

Dosage should be followed accurately unless otherwise specified.

In constipation (chronic constipation):

Due to the fact that every organism, responds differently to Lactulose, each patient must determine his /her own optimal dose in the course of time.

Initially In long-term therepy 3-6 tea-spoons daily 1.5-6 tea-spoons daily Adults Children upto 14 years 1-2 tea-spoons daily 3 tea-spoons daily Infants and toddlers 1-2 tea-spoons daily 1 tea -spoons daily

With Lactulose a prompt laxative effect may be achieved by drinking a mixture of 3-9 tea-spoons in $^{1}/_{8}$ - $^{1}/_{4}$ liter water coffee, tea, fruit juice or milk on an empty stomach after getting up in the morning. Normally, defecation take place approximately 2 hours later in the form of a fluid pulpy mass (increased defecation reflex).

In damaged intestinal flora (e.g. following long-term antibiotic treatment) :

: 1-2 tea-spoons daily : 1 tea-spoon daily Children

For reduction of blood ammonia level (in hepatopathy):

A maximum of 60-100 gm Lactulose daily, that is, 18-30 tea spoons

In pre-coma: A maximum of 100 gm Lactulose daily, that is 30 tea-spoons Regulose spread over the course of the day.

Disease of the gums and the parodontie apparatus (paradontopathy):

Adults: 3-6 tea-spoons Regulose

Contraindication:

Lactulose is contraindicated in patients who are suffering from Galactosaemia, Intestinal obstruction and patients hypersensitive to Lactulose.

Side effects :

Flatulence, Cramps and abdominal discomfort.

Precautions:

Lactulose should be used cautiously in patients with intestinal obstruction. Lactulose should not be used in patients on a low galactose diet. Lactulose should be used carefully in patients with lactose intolerance or in diabetic patients because of the presence of some free galactose and lactose.

Interactions:

During the clinical-testing stage, Lactulose was administered together with various drugs, such as oral antidiabetics, anticoagulants and cardiovascular agents. No interactions were observed.

Pregnancy & Lactation:

Studies show that lactulose has no adverse effects. Decisions regarding use during pregnancy and lactation must be made by a registered physician.

Commercial pack :

Regulose 100 ml : Each Bottle contains 100 ml syrup in a carton with measuring container. Regulose 200 ml: Each Bottle contains 200 ml syrup in a carton with measuring container.

